

CHANGE IN THE PLANS.

Heavy Damage Suit Against the State of Indiana.

HALF A MILLION DOLLARS.

William Howard, Bondman For the Contractors For the New Hoosier State House, Discovers Origin of Supposed Losses.

Indianapolis, Feb. 12.—William Howard filed a \$500,000 damage suit against the state of Indiana.

The complaint sets forth that Howard lost money on the statehouse, which contract he assumed as bondsman for the contractors and that losses resulted by changes made by the architect. A detailed list of the losses was filed with the suit. The building was begun in 1878.

McGIFIN'S FAREWELL.

The Army Officer Left a Note Before Shooting Himself.

New York, Feb. 12.—When Captain McGiffin, who suicided, was admitted to the hospital a pistol was taken from him. He had with him a tin box which contained his private papers. He was accustomed to ask for this box and looked over the papers at periods. During the evening he asked for it.

One of the nurses, Joseph Bennett, was with him when he looked over his private papers. At 2:30 a. m. the nurse says McGiffin apparently fell into a doze. It is believed now that he was feigning sleep. The nurse left the room for about five minutes, then the pistol shot was heard. The note which McGiffin left was written on two sides of a piece of paper torn from a note book, and read as follows:

"Memo—Lock alive that the bed is not set fire by my shot."

"My compliments and adieu to all. I regret that my destination must remain to you unknown—but you may guess. With apologies to Miss Phelps for the row—it is the way that all guns have. An revoir."

OFFER ACCEPTED.

Miss Barton and Officers of the Red Cross Will Go to Cuba.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Knowing from authentic sources of the destitution existing in Cuba, the American Red Cross offered its services as an organization. Some international law presenting itself, Miss Barton immediately offered herself and her officers for individual service in Cuba, provided that Spain acceded and the American people desired to place their contributions of money or materials in the hands of Miss Barton and her officers.

She received the following from Ambassador J. E. Dupuy de Lôme:

"I have just received a cablegram from the Duke of Tetuan, informing me that the government of his majesty, the King of Spain, after consulting the commander-in-chief, accepts your benevolent offer. I am instructed in the same cablegram to convey to you the thanks of his majesty the queen and the Spanish government for your gracious intentions and views."

MIDDLEMEN ABOLISHED.

Carnegie Will Purchase His Ore Through Rockefeller.

Cleveland, Feb. 12.—What is called the last move in a long line of reductions has been made by Carnegie. Hereafter he has received his ore through middlemen. Hereafter he will use the Rockefeller ore and it will be looked after by his Cleveland agent.

An item of interest in connection with the collapse of the rail pool is the fact that the Cleveland Rolling Mill company has been receiving \$100,000 per annum for refraining from making steel rails.

Many of the Cleveland ore men claim that the ore pool is not affected by the death of the rail and billet pool for the reason that the railroads, taking advantage of the lower prices, are putting in heavy orders for rails which will call for a vast quantity of ore.

Not the Custom.

London, Feb. 12.—Mr. A. J. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, replying in the house of commons to Mr. Patrick O'Brien, Parnellite member of Kiltenny City, said that it was contrary to public practice to give compensation in cases such as that of Edward J. Ivory of New York, who was recently found not guilty on the charge of conspiring to cause a dynamite explosion. Mr. Balfour added that no communication on the subject had been received from the United States.

Radical Changes Recommended.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—High Chief Ranger Cannon of the Catholic Foresters urged radical changes in the constitution of the order.

Killed by a Snowball.

College Corner, O., Feb. 12.—Bruce Kennedy, a high school student, was paralyzed by being hit with a snow ball.

Burned to a Crisp.

Findlay, O., Feb. 12.—John W. Moss, colored, was burned to a crisp at his home, which was destroyed by fire.

Date of Sixth Conference.

Tuskegee, Ala., Feb. 12.—The sixth annual negro conference will be held here Feb. 24.

CONVICTED OF FRAUD.

A. L. Spencer and Thomas Aubrey Will Serve a Term.

A CONSPIRACY TO SWINDLE.

The Defendants Were the Smooth Agents of an Organized Syndicate Who Operated All Over the United States.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 12.—A. L. Spencer and Thomas Aubrey of Scranton, representing the Phoenix Contract company, were convicted of conspiracy in having obtained from C. W. Koons of Audendried \$10,000 worth of goods, which they afterwards disposed of at one-half their face value and divided the money between them.

The defendants, it was alleged, to the indictment found against them, were agents of an organized syndicate with headquarters in New York, but operated at various points throughout the United States. It was claimed that they floated \$2,000,000 worth of stocks and bonds, but in reality they had but a few hundred dollars' capital.

IT IS ALL OVER.

The Bradley-Martin Ball Was a Grand Bewildering Success.

New York, Feb. 12.—Beautiful beyond description was the ball masque of Mrs. Bradley-Martin at the Waldorf. The decorations were exquisite. American beauties, lilies and the rarest of imported blossoms, with vines and palms, were intertwined in a marvelously beautiful scheme. Never in New York has a greater floral display been made at a ball. Tiny electric lights and mirrors were used in a bewildering and artistic manner, all combining to transform the already beautiful hotel into such an enchanting fairy house.

A prominent society man, who attended the ball, and who is familiar with the expense attending such an affair, has given a tabulated schedule of expense which follows. The estimate is a conservative one, and the total amount of money expended on the ball in various ways will amount to more than \$500,000. This vast sum of money has been distributed among at least 5,000 people, nearly all of whom were greatly benefitted, and one and all wish for a Bradley-Martin ball every night in the week.

MOROCCO FINISHERS.

The Strike at Philadelphia Threatens to Become General.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—The strike originated by the finishers employed by McNeely & Company, morocco manufacturers, last week has spread among the workers in other factories and now threatens to grow general among finishers or machine boys as they are termed. Over 500 are now out.

The strikers say that they have been promised financial aid by the Brooklyn and Newark workers.

Unless the men in the other branches strike the movement will not affect the business seriously except in shipments of ordered goods.

Death of a Pioneer Nun.

Montreal, Feb. 12.—By the death of Gertrude Anastasia Cantlee at the mother house of the Grey Nuns of St. Boniface, the first woman to cross the line between the Lake Superior and Hudson bay basin has passed away. On April 25, 1844, she embarked at Lachine, near Montreal in a bark canoe and in two months reached the site on which Winnipeg is now built, founding there an establishment of her order.

The Flurry Subiding.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—The flurry in the iron and steel trades here caused by the dissolution of the steel rail pool and the cut to \$17 per ton in Chicago subsided and the belief was expressed that a recovery will follow before the close of the week.

An Insurance Company Quits.

Milwaukee, Feb. 12.—The Wisconsin Odd Fellows' Mutual Life Insurance company made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. During the past year over 5,000 members dropped out, which crippled the company.

Regarded as Serious.

Paris, Feb. 12.—There is reason to believe that the government of Great Britain regards the dispatch of the Greek fleet to Crete as a very serious matter and as likely to involve the greatest consequences.

Delayed by High Water.

New Philadelphia, O., Feb. 12.—The Tuscarawas railroad (electric) will not be able to run its cars into Uhrichsville from this city before Sunday owing to the recent high waters.

Sugar Camps Opened.

Bellefontaine, O., Feb. 12.—Loran county sugar makers have opened their camps and are having good runs. The syrup is of a most excellent quality.

Has Not Disbanded.

Youngstown, O., Feb. 12.—Secretary James Nutt of the Merchant Bar Iron association denies the report that the organization is about to disband.

Fatal Lamp Explosion.

Pittsburg, Feb. 12.—By the explosion of a lamp in an Italian tenement house on Tunnel street four people were hurt, two fatally.

MORGAN'S OBJECTION.

Items of \$10,000 For Ministers to Central America.

THE PRESIDENT CRITICISED.

He Says Mr. Cleveland Does Not Think It Worth His While to Inform Congress About Our Foreign Relations.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The senate passed the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, and fixed next Wednesday at 4 p. m. as the time for a final vote on the immigration conference report. These were the only features of the open session which was cut short early in the day by the executive session on the arbitration treaty.

The diplomatic and consular bill as passed carries \$1,645,308, a slight increase on minor items on the house bill.

Mr. Morgan questioned the items in the bill of \$10,000 for a minister to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador and \$10,000 for a minister to Guatemala and Honduras.

It was understood, he said, that a union had been formed by three of these countries and that our ministers to Nicaragua, Honduras and Salvador had lost their respective functions as their foreign offices had been closed.

The union, under the name of the Greater Republic of Central America, had sent a minister here, who has been received and recognized by the president.

"It all arises," declared Mr. Morgan, "from the fact that the president does not think it worth his while to inform congress as to the status of our foreign relations. He seems to think that he can do all himself and that it is unnecessary to inform congress."

Mr. Hale said the question would have to be settled later. Our ministers were in actual service in those countries and would have to be paid.

Mr. Morgan did not pass the objection, saying his only purpose was to have the public understand the peculiar conditions.

POLITICAL DEBATE.

The Financial Issue Bobs Up Unexpectedly in the House.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The house passed the fortifications appropriation bill with but a single amendment and made some headway with the post-office appropriation bill.

But the major portion of the day was consumed in a political debate on the financial question which was precipitated by an innocent provision in a bill providing for funding the debt of the territories. The bill aroused the opposition of Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.) because it provided for gold bonds and the payment of interest in gold or its equivalent.

Mr. Knox (Rep., Mass.) said that the stipulation regarding gold bonds applied only to Arizona, which had outstanding gold bonds to be refunded.

Mr. Payne (Rep., N. Y.) said he saw no reason why the other territories should not be permitted to issue gold bonds. He said this bill bore no relation to the question of whether we should put gold in the bonds of the United States.

He had voted to put gold in the bonds, he added, when the administration put the country in a position where not to do so would cost the people \$12,000,000. Congress refused and now the taxpayers would have to pay these \$12,000,000.

"And yet you maintain," interrupted Mr. Terry (Dem., Ark.), "that we should pay those bonds in gold, although we paid \$12,000,000 for the privilege of paying them in silver."

"Almost every one maintains," replied Mr. Payne, that the bonds are payable in gold. Even the late Democratic candidate for vice president (Sewall) who ran on a silver platform held gold bonds and the silver mine owners who were rampant for free silver sentiment wrote "gold" in their notes.

Mr. Hartman (Rep., Mont.) indignantly denied this statement, but Mr. Payne insisted that he was right. He said that the western debtors in order to get money at a respectable rate of interest were obliged to agree to pay principal and interest in gold. He said he believed every United States bond should be paid in gold.

Mr. Walker (Rep., Mass.), chairman of the committee on banking and currency, declared it was as notorious as the sun shines that there were certain states of the Union whose monetary system was beyond the reach of congressional legislation. There were seven states where all transactions were in gold and yet it was curious, he said, that the representatives from those states on this floor sought to compel the rest of the Union to take 50 cents on the dollar. He insisted that congress should not interfere with private contracts. He urged the house to vote down an amendment that had been submitted by Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.) which was as follows: "Provided, that the principal and interest of the bonds funded under this act shall be payable in any lawful money of the United States except the Arizona bonds above described heretofore issued."

Mr. Bartlett (Dem., N. Y.), who de-

scribed himself as a "gold Democrat," warned the house that the adoption of this amendment was equivalent to declaring in favor of "soft money."

Mr. McMillin's amendment was agreed to—149 to 7—after which the bill passed.

Trade With Canada.

Washington, Feb. 12.—After a week's stay at the capital city Messrs. Carrwright and Davies, the Canadian Liberal cabinet members left the city for their homes. They have had a very satisfactory visit. They have found a decided opinion on the part of leading public men that there should be a thorough investigation into the whole matter of trade between the two countries which should be made by a commission of competent persons.

The Last Reception.

Washington, Feb. 12.—President and Mrs. Cleveland gave their annual reception to the army and navy and the marine corps at the White House. It was the final state reception of the official term of Mr. Cleveland, and with the exception of that given by Mrs. Cleveland to the public last Saturday, the crowd was the largest of the season and probably equal to that seen at any time during the incumbency of the president in the executive mansion. So great was the crush that the guests moved about with great difficulty, and many in line gave up the attempt to greet those receiving.

The Request Refused.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Secretary Herbert has been obliged to refuse the request of a number of California's leading citizens, as set forth by Colonel M. H. DeYoung, for the assignment of a naval vessel for the transportation of a cargo of wheat and corn to the famine-stricken natives of India. The secretary finds that naval vessels of the modern type are totally unfitted for the purpose of carrying cargoes and that in case of such a long voyage as that from California to India they can not carry coal enough.

No Progress on Arbitration.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The senate spent the greater part of the day in executive session debating the Anglo-American arbitration treaty. The entire time was consumed by Senators Turpie and Morgan, the former in advocacy of the latter in opposition to ratification. No action was taken on any amendment or on any part of the treaty, and but little appreciable progress was made.

Total Exports.

Washington, Feb. 12.—According to tables of the bureau of statistics the total exports of domestic products during the seven months ended Jan. 31 last amounted to \$422,986,302 against \$334,849,611 for the corresponding period in the preceding year.

Has Not Accepted.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Postmaster General Wilson received a personal dispatch from Lexington, Va., announcing his election to the presidency of the Washington and Lee university. He declines to state whether he will or will not accept the offer.

Washington Notes.

The comptroller of the currency has authorized the National Bank of Mount Vernon, Ill., to begin business. Capital, \$50,000.

Marion, the youngest of the three daughters of President and Mrs. Cleveland, was christened at the White House. The ceremony was the impressive one of the Presbyterian church.

POTTER ELECTED.

The Chief Consul of New York Chosen L. A. W. President.

Albany, Feb. 12.—"The battle of the ballots" in the League of American Wheelmen assembly for the high office of president is now a thing of the past, and for the next year Chief Consul Potter of New York will rule the destinies of the American wheelmen.

W. E. Connolly of Illinois was a candidate himself for the office, but seeing that he was beaten swung his men in line for Potter and made the speech placing the name of Mr. Potter in nomination for president.

Chief Consul William Kemplin of Ohio placed the name of President Stearns, Elliott of Massachusetts before the convention for re-election.

It was found that out of 271 votes cast Mr. Potter had received 155, Mr. Elliott 115 and one blank. Mr. Potter mounted the platform and made a few remarks.

The full ticket elected was: President, Isaac B. Potter of New York, first vice president, A. C. Morrison, Milwaukee; treasurer, J. W. Cleander, Covington, Ky.

Good roads banquet was held at the Stanvix hotel under the auspices of the League of American Wheelmen. Assemblyman Strang, who is one of the wheelmen's most ardent champions, made a few witty remarks.

Soft Coal Combine.

Cleveland, Feb. 12.—An evening paper says: At a secret meeting there was consummated an agreement that will practically control the soft coal product of the state. It was a session of representatives of the Ohio Soft Coal association and of railroads in the association territory. It was decided to establish a single sales agency for all of the Ohio bituminous coal producers. The details of that arrangement were not completed, but they will be at a meeting to be held in Chicago next Tuesday.

OHIO REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Program of the Convention Being Held in Zanesville.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—The Columbus contingent to the Ohio Republican league convention at Zanesville got away in good form and with a declaration that the senatorial question would not be meddled with. The full program is as follows:

Call to order, 10 a. m.; invocation. Rev. Charles H. Hawks, president's address, Charles F. Leach; appointment of committees on credentials and rules of business; secretary's report, Samuel J. Swartz; treasurer's report, John L. Means; reports of committees; report of executive committee selected by county delegates; report of delegates selected by congressional delegates; noon recess; call to order, 2 p. m.; 10-minute addresses by invited speakers on club work; miscellaneous business; election of officers for the ensuing year, namely, one president, four vice presidents, one secretary and one treasurer; election of six delegates-at-large and eight alternates-at-large to national convention.

The tenth annual Lincoln banquet will be held at the Clarendon hotel in the evening.

FAR FROM A SOLUTION.

The Oregon Situation is as Complex as It Ever Was.

Salem, Or., Feb. 12.—Conferences of the two opposing forces were held, and as a result the senatorial situation put itself in a clearer perspective than at any time since the opening of the session. The organization plan, however, appears just as far from solution as ever.

Broadly speaking, the conferences were of the Republican, Mitchell and anti-Mitchell followers respectively, but each disclaims that it is representative of either faction.

The first consisted of Republicans and for the most part have been friendly to Mitchell and who have refused, on the ground of its illegality, to enter the joint convention. The situation was fully discussed, and it was unanimously decided to follow the same course pursued heretofore, and that is to refuse to participate in the joint assembly as at present constituted.

The second was of Republican members of the joint convention. It was decided by resolution that the convention is a proper and lawful method to elect a senator, and to continue its daily sessions to that end.

Oscar Is Willing.

Stockholm, Feb. 12.—King Oscar II, while expressing a desire not to discuss politics, reiterates his willingness to act as arbitrator in the English-American tribunal, and says: "I am glad to reiterate those words in which I have announced my willingness to co-operate whenever I should be needed. To speak more of the treaty at this juncture would do little good; to write of it still less. I prefer men should judge me from my actions, not from my words."

Water Supply Cut Off.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 12.—Evansville is without water. No defence against fire remains except a water supply from wells and private cisterns. Mountains of ice forced up the river bank by the gorge rendered the waterworks supply pipes useless. They can not be repaired until after a 10-foot fall of the river. Back water is threatening great damage to Henderson, Ky.

Wilson For President.

Lexington, Va., Feb. 12.—The board of trustees of Washington and Lee university unanimously elected Hon. William L. Wilson, postmaster general, president of the university in place of General G. W. C. Lee, who recently resigned. It is well understood that Mr. Wilson will accept the position and will enter upon the duties of his office on July 1.

Iron Ore Pool In Danger.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The Iron Ore association, which has controlled prices and fixed the output of Lake Superior iron mines, stands directly in the track of the cyclone which has swept away the combination in the pool in the iron and steel trade for the division of business and the maintenance of prices. The ore pool may go next.

Dropped Dead on the Stage.

New York, Feb. 12.—Armand Castellum, while singing the role of Tristan in Flotow's opera of "Martha" at the Metropolitan Opera House, dropped dead in front of the footlights and almost in full view of one of the most brilliant audiences that has filled the theater this winter.

Succeeded to Death.

New York, Feb. 12.—Doctors state positively that the death of George Hanse, 60, of Greenwich Point was due to sneezing. He was seized with a violent fit of sneezing and was unable to stop. Finally a blood vessel in his head burst, causing instant death.

Sugar Refinery Disappears.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—William T. Jebbo, owner of the United States sugar refinery at Waukegan, Ill., has disappeared. A subpoena was issued for him by the Lexow committee, who wished him to explain why he had closed his sugar refinery and starch works.

Well Known Stock Broker Dead.

Philadelphia, Feb. 12.—Spencer Irvin, the well known stock broker, died of pneumonia at his home in this city.



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NAVY MANEUVERS.

No Fugitive Craft Attempted to Run the Gauntlet at Charleston.

Charleston, Feb. 12.—The weather was not propitious for the vessels of the blockade fleet, though it suited admirably the purposes of a blockade runner. No fugitive craft, however, attempted to run the gauntlet of the fleet guarding the entrance to the harbor and the big ships lay at anchor in the rain unable to engage in target or towing practice as has been the daily custom of the men aboard the ships.

The arrival of the other vessels which have been ordered to join the fleet is being looked forward to with eagerness. Particularly so the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, which is to run the blockade.

The monitor Amphitrite came up to the city at noon and took a position in the stream off the custom house.

Work on board the fleet consisted of searchlight drills and target practice. The battleships Maine and the cruisers New York, Columbia and Marblehead took part in the drills. The searchlights were flashed across the sea and every nook and cranny of the surrounding shore was explored by their rays. The target practice was with the eight-inch and the four-inch guns.

First Sergeant Wagoner and Privates Hardin and Seaman, who were hurt on board the battleship Maine by the premature explosion of a one-pound cartridge on a secondary battery are all right.

Arrangements were concluded for a grand ball to be tendered the officials of the navy and the officers of the squadron on the 19th. The ball will be one of the most brilliant social affairs ever held in Charleston.

Chauncey Depew Elected.

New York, Feb. 12.—Frank Thomson, the new president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, presided at the meeting of the board of control of the Joint Traffic association. Chauncey M. Depew, who was absent, was unanimously elected permanent chairman of the board of control to succeed the late George B. Roberts.

Harvey Fails to Escape.

Wilmington, O., Feb. 12.—James Harvey, the alleged wife-murderer, made a futile attempt to escape from the county jail. Irvin Shaw, in whom Harvey confided, gave the tip to Sheriff South.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Feb. 11.

New York.

Beef—Family, \$5 00/10 00; extra mess, \$7 50; packed, \$8 00/9 00. Cut meats—Pickled bellies, 45¢/13¢; pickled shoulders, 45¢/13¢; pickled hams, 50¢/30¢. Lard—Western cream, \$3 50/4 00; York—old mess, \$3 25/3 50; family, \$10 50/11 00; clear, \$8 75/10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 5¢/13¢; creamery, 14¢/21¢; do factory, 7¢/14¢. Cheese—State large, 7¢/10¢; small, 7¢/10¢; part skims, 5¢/9¢; full skims, 3¢/6¢. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 18¢/20¢; western fresh, 15¢/16¢.

Wheat—90¢, 91¢, 92¢, 93¢, 94¢, 95¢, 96¢, 97¢, 98¢, 99¢, 100¢. Corn—25¢, 26¢, 27¢, 28¢, 29¢, 30¢, 31¢, 32¢, 33¢, 34¢, 35¢. Oats—21¢, 22¢, 23¢, 24¢, 25¢, 26¢, 27¢, 28¢, 29¢, 30¢, 31¢, 32¢, 33¢, 34¢, 35¢.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime heavy steers, \$4 50/5 20; good shipping, \$4 00/4 75; fair to medium, \$3 50/4 25; 400 lb. fat heifers, good to choice, \$3 00/3 75; old to good fat cows, \$2 25/3 00; sausage and good butchers' bulls, \$2 50/3 25; good native stockers, \$3 00/3 75; feeders, \$2 25/3 00; Canada stockers, \$3 00/3 75; feeders, \$2 25/3 00; veals, common to choice, \$4 50/5 00; extra, \$7 25.

Hogs—Pigs, \$3 75/4 25; Yorkers, \$5 80/6 30; 385 medium and heavy, \$2 85/3 35; extra hams, \$4 50; lambs, prime, \$5 20/5 50; fat to good, \$5 00/5 15.

MAKING OF A TREATY

THE FIVE STAGES IN THE INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTION.

How the United States Makes a Convention With a Foreign Nation—Arbitration Compact Is the First—Ratification by Our Senate and British Privy Council.

There appears to be a general misunderstanding as to the steps necessary to make a treaty entered into by the representatives of two governments fully binding and effective upon the people of the countries concerned. That such is the case has been demonstrated by the wide divergence of views expressed in the recent general discussion in newspapers, in public gatherings and even in the senate of the United States of the Anglo-American treaty of arbitration recently signed in Washington. It is generally understood, of course, that this convention, although signed by the properly accredited representatives of Great Britain and the United States, is still subject to the ratification of the superior powers of each government, but the subsequent course of procedure of the respective governments necessary to make it an accomplished fact is by no means so well known.

In conversation with several officials of the state department a Star reporter obtained some interesting data on this point. According to the constitution and the laws of the United States, a treaty of this kind is not operative until it has gone through five formal stages. These in their order are, first, signing by the representative of the president; second, ratification advised by the senate; third, ratification by the president; fourth, exchange of ratifications, and fifth, proclamation of the treaty. As is well known, the arbitration treaty has as yet passed through only the first stage and is in the throes of its second stage. Inasmuch as it has already secured the full endorsement of the president, as evidenced by the signature of his representative, there is no room for doubt as to the nature of the action that would follow in the last three stages, provided the senate should advise and assent to its ratification.

In the case of the British government the modus operandi is somewhat similar, with the most important exception that the entire proceedings are practically within the discretion and control of the queen. All that remains to be done by the British government to make the treaty operative in British dominions is ratification by the queen on the recommendation of the "most honorable privy council" and its subsequent proclamation. Although treaties are not subject to the ratification of the British parliament, it is customary to lay synopses of them before the legislative branch for its information, coincident with their ratification by the queen. "In council." The members of the privy council are appointed by the prime minister, with the approval of the queen. Consequently the dominant political party is in control, and its action is practically controlled by the premier of the administration, at present Lord Salisbury, who, having entered into the arbitration treaty with the United States, may be safely counted on to secure its approval at home. The present privy council numbers about 70 persons and includes nearly all the leading officials of the United Kingdom. Its membership embraces the Prince of Wales and all the male members of the royal family, the lord high chancellor and all the cabinet officers, the lord president and the leading members of parliament, the archbishop of Canterbury and many prominent churchmen and members of the British diplomatic corps, including Sir Julian Pauncefote. The opposition is represented by a large but powerless delegation.

One of the officials of the state department described the modus operandi of a treaty for the benefit of the reporter in the following terse form: "Great Britain and the United States conclude a treaty or convention for a specific purpose. It is signed in duplicate. These copies are the original treaties. In the British copy the British representative signs first, and in the United States copy the American representative signs first. The British original copy is then sent to Great Britain and laid before the privy council, which passes upon it. If such action is favorable, the queen ratifies the original copy. An exchange copy is then made and bears the queen's ratification. The exchange copy is a copy of the original treaty bearing the queen's ratification. "This copy is delivered to the representative of the government of the United States by the British representative in exchange for a similar copy of the original convention in the possession of the United States. This exchange copy is ratified by the president of the United States. A protocol of exchange is signed by the respective representatives when the delivery of these exchange copies takes place. After this has been accomplished the president of the United States, and likewise the queen of the United Kingdom, proclaim the original convention, when it becomes immediately operative, or at a future date, according to its terms. And that's all there is to it."—Washington Star.

Modified the Halo.

The contemplated expedition to the north pole does not appear to be rousing wild enthusiasm. The discovery of this elusive point would no doubt bring great glory to its discoverer, but even glory in this materialistic age is required to show some practical excuse for its being. The sufferings, the privations, the loss of life and the expense of relief expeditions appear to have considerably modified the halo that once rested alluringly upon this enterprise. And just now events are taking place whose solution vastly discounts in importance the locality of the earth's pole.—Baltimore American.

MADRE MAKRINA

The Story of the Sole Survivor of the Minsk Persecution.

Cardinal Antonelli obtained an order for Mr. Augustus J. C. Harn and his sister to visit the Madre Makrina, the sole survivor of the Polish nuns who were martyred for their faith in the terrible persecution at Minsk. In "The Story of My Life" Mr. Harn says:

The nuns were starved, flogged to death, buried alive, subjected to the most horrible cruelties. Three escaped and reached Vienna, where two of them disappeared and never were heard of again. After a series of unparalleled adventures and escapes the abbess, the Madre Makrina, arrived in Rome. Pope Gregory XVI received her kindly, but made her tell her whole story once for all in the presence of 60 witnesses, who all wrote it down at once to insure accuracy, and then he shut her up for fear she should be turned into a saint and object of pilgrimage. It was not generally known what had become of Madre Makrina—it was a mystery in Rome—but we were able to trace her to the tiny convent of the Monache Polacche, which has since been destroyed by the Sardinian government, but which then stood near the arch of Gallienus, nearly opposite the Church of St. Ensenbio. When we rang the convent bell and had shown our permit through the grille, a portress from within drew a bolt which admitted us to a little room—den rather—barred with iron and with an iron cage at one side, behind which the portress, a very fat old woman, reappearing, asked us many questions about ourselves, the pope, the state of Rome generally.

At last we got tired and said, "But shall we not soon see the Madre Makrina?" "Isosono la Madre Makrina," said the old woman, laughing. Then we said, "Oh, do tell us the story of Minsk." "No," she replied. "I promised at the feet of Pope Gregory XVI that I would never tell that story again. The story is written down. You can read it, but I cannot break my promise." "How dreadfully you must have suffered at Minsk!" we said. "Yes," she answered, and, going backward, she pulled up her petticoats and showed us her legs, which were enormously fat, yet, a short distance above the ankles, were quite eaten away, so that you could see the bones. "This," she said, "was caused by the chains I wore at Minsk." The Madre Makrina, when we took leave, said: "I am filled with wonder as to how you got admittance. I have never seen any one before since I came here, and I do not suppose I shall ever see any one again, so I will give you a little memorial of your visit," and she gave me a tiny crucifix and medal off her chain. I have it still.

When the Emperor Nicholas came to Rome, he went to pay his respects to the pope, who received him very coldly. "You are a great king," said Pius IX; "you are one of the mightiest monarchs in the world, and I am a feeble old man, the servant of servants, but I cite you to meet me again, to meet me before the throne of the Judge of the world and to answer there for your treatment of the nuns at Minsk."

Rubber Poker Chips.

The click of chips is no longer heard in some of the rooms where poker used to be played.

But this doesn't mean that they have stopped playing poker. Oh, no. The click of chips need no longer be heard, whether poker is being played or not. An inventive genius, who knows how difficult it is sometimes to play poker on the quiet when one wants to, has invented rubber poker chips. They are the same size as those of bone, celluloid or ivory, and like the others are colored red and blue as well as the natural color of the rubber, which answers for white. The colors are not very well defined, for rubber doesn't seem to take the colors easily and seems to be difficult to dye. But the colors are distinct enough to avoid the possibility of a man anteing a blue chip when a white is the ante or sweetening a jackpot by a blue when a red is all that is needed.

The dealers who handle the rubber poker chips say they are very popular, and that a great many of them have been sold. They make absolutely no noise when they are used. The only trouble is, however, that the man who has acquired the habit, which requires much costly experience, of shuffling his chips absentmindedly with one hand has to learn the trick anew, for chips are apt to stick to each other and prevent the accomplishment of the trick.—Chicago Times-Herald.

She and He.

"Your bill is too high, sir, and I won't pay it!" snapped the young woman, and she turned sharply on her heel and strode out of the office.

The lawyer who had procured a divorce for her turned again to his desk and merely remarked under his breath:

"Oh, woman, in our hours of love, uncertain, coy and hard to please!" —Chicago Tribune.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills

chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. See The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Curious Bookmarks.

I am keeping a collection of curious bookmarks, says a well known librarian, and was first induced to do so by a rather humorous incident which happened here. There were three very charming young ladies in the library one afternoon, and I was rather surprised to see one of them, after glancing at me, say something to her companions, who immediately turned round and looked at me, and then they all started giggling. I felt that in some way I was the cause of their mirth, and after they had gone was surprised to discover a tress of golden hair lodged on the back of my coat. I remembered a short time before placing a book on the shelf which had been returned by a reader, and I presume the lock must have fallen from it.

The best part of this incident, however, was the sequel. Two days afterward a young gentleman called, and, in a somewhat confused manner and with a red face, asked my permission to look through the pages of a book which at that time was very popular and in which occurred some very pathetic love passages. His dismay was great when he found that his bookmark was gone, and, after hesitating for some time, he plucked up sufficient courage to ask me whether I had seen anything of a lock of hair. I could hardly keep from smiling as I returned his property, and without waiting to thank me he promptly bolted from the place and has never returned again.

Since then I have kept the curious articles I have taken from books returned and have now nearly a desk full. Small paper knives, paid and unpaid bills, rate and tax bills, and even love letters are used as bookmarks by the score. On two occasions I have found postal orders.—Happy Thoughts.

The Frugal Farmer.

At a dinner given in his honor in Philadelphia Colonel A. K. McClure, the editor of the Philadelphia Times, told the following story relating to his first newspaper venture, started some 50 years ago: "I well remember the case of a frugal farmer of the Dunker persuasion who was sufficiently public spirited to subscribe for The Sentinel for six months to get the paper started, but at the end of that period he had calculated the heavy expenses of gathering the ripening harvest and decided to stop his paper for awhile. I need not say that he was enthusiastically confronted with many reasons why a man of his intelligence and influence should not be without the county newspaper, but he yielded only to the extent of further considering the matter with his wife. He returned in a few days and spread sunshine around the editorial chair by saying that his wife had decided to continue for another six months, as the paper would be very handy in the fall for tying up her apple butter crocks."

The People Are Convinced

When they read the testimonials of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest men and women, and are plain, straightforward statements of fact. The people have confidence in Hood's Sarsaparilla because they know it actually and permanently cures, even when other medicines fail.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy yet efficient.

A Pathetic Ad.

Here is an advertisement which should bring trade, even though people had to use a grindstone to wear holes through their shoes:

I am the father of 25 children. No twins. I am also a cobbler and need work. I have served my country well, it is evident that I will mend your shoes well. One good turn deserves another. My shop is in the rear of Caldwell and Lanier's. Let me hear from you. J. M. LINNEY.

—Boot and Shoe Recorder.

Mother Almost Worn Out—Hand's Colic Cure Gave Instant Relief.

BELL BROOK, O., March 25, '96.—Dr. Hand—"I received your sample bottle of Colic Cure and was never so glad in my life. My baby had the wind colic ever since she was born and I was almost worn out. I gave her a dose without my husband's knowledge and it gave her instant relief, and she has not been the least trouble since I gave her the first dose. I would not be without it for anything. I will recommend your Colic Cure to every mother. Mrs. J. O. Wade." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

A Blessing For the Ladies.

Thousands of ladies are using Brazilian Balm. For soreness, pain, bearing down and many kinds of trouble, it acts like a charm. A 50 cent or dollar bottle often does more good in one week than any other remedy does in months. It goes right to the spot, removing all inflammation. Mrs. Geo. W. Roberts, of Wilmington, Del., says, "A strong solution of Brazilian Balm and warm water used as an injection has done me more good than all the remedies and prescriptions I ever tried."

CARNAGE AT COPENHAGEN.

The Devastation That Was Wrought Upon a Single British Ship.

Captain Alfred T. Mahan contributes to The Century an article on "Nelson in the Battle of Copenhagen." Captain Mahan says that the Danes fought not only with great resolution, but with an effectiveness that is really remarkable in view of the rawness of the material hastily worked up for the occasion. He adds: A singular picture of the devastation wrought on the decks of the Monarch has been given by a midshipman on board of her: "Toward the close of the action the colonel commanding the detachment of soldiers on board told me that the quarter deck guns wanted quill or tin tubes (which are used as more safe and expeditious than loose priming), and wanted me to send some one, adding his own men were too ignorant of the ship or he would have sent one of them. I told him I knew no one that could so well be spared as myself. He, however, objected to my going, and as I was aware of the dreadful slaughter which had taken place in the center of the ship I was not very fond of the jaunt, but my conscience would not let me send another on an errand I was afraid to undertake myself, and away I posted toward the fore magazine. When I arrived on the main deck, along which I had to pass, there was not a single man standing the whole way from the mainmast forward, a district containing eight guns on a side, some of which were run out ready for firing, others lay dismantled, and others remained as they were after re-coiling.

"I hastened down the fore ladder to the lower deck and felt really relieved to find somebody alive. I was obliged to wait a few minutes for my cargo, and after this pause I own I felt something like regret, if not fear, as I remounted the ladder on my return. This, however, entirely subsided when I saw the sun shining and the old blue ensign flying as lofty as ever. I never felt the genuine sense of glory so completely as at that moment. I took off my hat by an involuntary motion and gave three cheers as I jumped on to the quarter deck. Colonel Hutchinson welcomed me at my quarters as if I had been on a hazardous enterprise and had returned in triumph. The first lieutenant also expressed great satisfaction at seeing me in such high spirits and so active."

The effect of splinters—fragments of wood, whether large or small, being technically so called—is shown by the same writer in a few scattered but graphic sentences: "Our signal midshipman was bruised from head to foot with splinters in such a manner as compelled him to leave the deck. Mr. Le Vesconte, another midshipman, who was my companion on the quarter deck, and who was as cool and apparently unconcerned as usual, shared the same fate. I attended him to the lower deck, but could not prevail upon myself to set foot on the ladder to the cockpit." (The cockpit is the place below the water line where the wounded are taken.)

"I left him there to make the best of his way. As the splinters were so plentiful, it may be wondered how I escaped. The fact is, I did not escape entirely. When the wheel was shot away, I was in a cloud, but being some little distance before the wheel I did not receive any of the larger pieces. Our first lieutenant, Mr. Yelland, had taken care to have the decks swept and everything clean and nice before we went into action. He had dressed himself in full uniform, with his cocked hat set on square" (a touch which recalls Collinwood's eccentric captain, Rotherham, at Trufalgur, who, upon being remonstrated with for the exposure full dress entailed, replied, "I have always fought in a cocked hat, and I always will").

"His shirt frill stiff starched, and his cravat tied tight under his chin, as usual. How he escaped unhurt seems wonderful. Several times I lost sight of him in a cloud of splinters. As they subsided I saw first his cocked hat emerging, then by degrees the rest of his person, his face smiling, so that altogether one might imagine him dressed for his wedding day."

Theatrical Troubles.

"There is one thing," said the heavy man of the theatrical company, "that'll have to be attended to."

"What is it?" asked the stage manager.

"You remember the scene in which I pledge the princess' health in this crystal goblet of foaming wine?"

"Yes."

"Well, you can do one of three things. You can make that cold tea weaker, put some sugar in it or else get some man who isn't in danger of making a wry face to play the part."—Washington Star.

The Opinion of One Who Knows.

Wife—Robbie is bound to get married. Husband—Yes, and he'll be bound an infernal tight tighter after he is married.—Detroit Free Press.

How did it happen

that the old-fashioned, laborious way of washing was ever given to woman as her particular work? It's an imposition on her. She ought to have had only the easiest things to do—and men, strong, healthy men, ought to have taken up this washing business. Now, here is a suggestion. In those families that still stick to soap and make their washing needlessly hard and unpleasant, let the men do that work. They're better fitted for it. In the families that use Pearline (use with-out soap) and make washing easy, let the women do it. They won't mind it, so.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the

KELLY
SHOWER
BATH
RING
AND
Hot Water
Proof Hose.

Prevents Wetting
the Head and Floor.

\$2 EXPRESS 25c.
AD.

Agents wanted in every city who can put chase doz. lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelly Slop and Water Cocks.

THOS. KELLY & BROS.;
209 Madison Street, Chicago

HAVE YOU

Kidney Trouble,
Bladder Trouble,
Urinai Trouble,
Catarrh,
Rheumatism.

CURES BACKACHE IN 24 HOURS.

BUY
"SAN-JAK"

Read Dr. Snyder's Endorsement on this Wonderful Remedy.

CHICAGO, March 7, 1895.

Mr. Burnham, City.
MY DEAR DOCTOR:—My attention was first called to "San-Jak" last year in the case of Captain J. M. Erosins, of Terry Haute, Ind., who was attacked in this city with acute nephritis and cystitis (inflammation of the bladder and kidneys). After prescribing the usual remedies without avail, "San-Jak" was suggested, and the improvement was so marked after the first dose, and a complete cure followed so speedily that I at once commenced an investigation of its merits, and have since prescribed it in almost every known form of kidney, bladder, urethral, vaginal and catarrhal troubles, followed in each instance by the happiest results.

In my own case (cystitis) the relief it gave me by its use in a few days was simply marvelous. A case of enuresis (involuntary flow of urine) in my own family was very much improved by a few doses, and radically cured in less than a week. From practical experience in a number of bad cases of leucorrhoea, I am free to say that I have found no remedy that is equal to "San-Jak."

And while I have never before given a professional endorsement to a proprietary remedy, I say unhesitatingly and without reserve that I consider "San-Jak" a veritable boon to humanity, and after applying to it the sure professional tests, can say with confidence it is better than it is recommended to be.

I shall continue to prescribe it in all cases of genito-urinary or catarrh troubles in preference to all other known remedies. AS A NERVE TONIC, "San-Jak" can be relied upon fully and entirely. The delicious taste of the medicine is also in its favor, in prescribing it for children. I am at present using "San-Jak" as an alternative in skin diseases, and several cases of chronic eczema have yielded so rapidly to its influence that I shall continue to use it in all similar cases, feeling confident that it will meet all the indications in such cases.

Yours sincerely,

Geo. W. SNYDER, M. D.

Chicago, Ill.

—SOLD BY—

S. H. SANFORD.

The Rosy Freshness
And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use FOSBOM'S Complexion Powder.

Made in Italy by N. Rays.
The location of a ballet in a Bellevue hospital (New York) patient's head was recently found by means of the X rays, and the ballet was extracted. The patient has recovered, but the side of his head which was exposed to the rays is now as bald as the proverbial billiard ball.

CASTORIA.
The only
genuine
Castoria
is on
wrapper.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8002. Page 46.

The South Side Building and Loan Association, of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs. John G. Stockton et al., Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 12th, A. D. 1897.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on north Jefferson street in Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the southwest corner of lot number thirty-three hundred and forty-seven (3347) in the city of Lima, Ohio, thence east one hundred (100) feet thence north forty (40) feet parallel with the east line of Jefferson street; thence west one hundred (100) feet; thence south forty (40) feet to the southeast corner of lot number thirty-three hundred and forty-seven (3347) in McCullough's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at \$1800.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, February 12th, 1897.

Motter & Mackenzie, plaintiff's attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8019. Page 35.

J. W. Davis, Plaintiff, vs. Dennis Diehl, Defendant.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27th, A. D. 1897.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on south Pine street in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the west line of Pine street one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet south of the southeast corner of lot number eleven hundred and eighty-nine (1189) of Clymer's addition to the city of Lima, thence west parallel with the south line of said lot one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet; thence east along the south line of Pine street fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning, being a part of the west quarter of the northeast quarter, and a west quarter of the southeast quarter of the north quarter of section six (6), township four (4) north, range, six (6) east, containing 1/4 acre, more or less.

Appraised at \$800.00.

Terms of Sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 22, 1897.

Hueson & Hainfall, plaintiff's attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 8684.

Edwin W. Fritz, Plaintiff, vs. Harry O. Fritz et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a writ of sale issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 14th, A. D. 1897.

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the city of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number one hundred and seventy-four (174) in the original plat of the town and city of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at \$800.00.

Lot number twenty-three hundred and nineteen (2319) in J. B. Watt's addition to the city of Lima, Ohio.

Appraised at \$225.00.

Terms of sale—One-third (1/3) cash, one-third (1/3) in one year from day of sale, and one-third (1/3) in two years from day of sale, deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, February 27, 1897.

W. B. Richie, plaintiff's attorney.

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1897.

at one o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, the following described real estate, to-wit: A part of the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-nine (29), township three (3) south, range seven (7) east, described as follows:

Beginning at a point, marked by a peg, in the center of the Findlay road 1386 feet in a northerly line directed from said peg, where the center line of north Sugar street crosses the center line of the Findlay road; thence north 121 feet; thence east 122 feet; thence south 127 feet; thence along the center line of the Findlay road south 22 degrees west 127 feet to the point of beginning, containing 42 1/2 acres of land, more or less, all in Allen county, Ohio.

Appraised at \$3165.75.

Terms of sale—Cash.

JOHN M. BOESCH.

Trustee of Peter M. Boesch.

Jaron G. Lamiton, Attorney for John M. Boesch.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Frank S. Hinton, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Frank S. Hinton, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Witness my hand and seal of office, January 12, 1897.

JOHN H. HUNTON.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as assignee in trust for the benefit of the creditors of H. Merriloid. All persons indebted to said assignor, or who may be so indebted, are hereby notified to present their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance.

W. H. DRYDEN, Assignee.

Lima, O., January 30, 1897.

If that boy of yours is to please breakfast diet, change off from that monotonous oatmeal mush and try H-O.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

ONE PERFORMANCE.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 13.Special Return Engagement of the
Distinguished Actor,
MR. CLEMENT.
in his charming Virginia Love Story**The New Dominion!**With Mr. Clement in his Original Character
Creation of HARRY H. HENSTAFFEN,
and a company of artists of
superior excellence.

Complete Scenic Production!

Management of H. J. LA MOTTE.

A NEW DEPARTURE

FOR LIMA.

Macdonald & Co., have put in new machinery and supplies for the manufacture of jewelry. They can remodel your jewelry, make new rings and mountings, thereby

Taking No Risk From
Sending Diamonds
Out of the City.

Any gold jewelry you may have can be made into new goods. They have shown in their windows, the largest line of fancy jewels ever brought to Lima. They buy gold of any description.

MACDONALD & CO.,

Old Postoffice Corner.

IN ONE ROUND.

The Marshal of Wapakoneta Puts
Dan Bayliff to Sleep.

Day Bayliff, the prize fighter, was put out in one round last night, knocked clear over the ropes, tamed to a finish. When Marshal Melching got through with the heavy-weight, Dr. Hunter took charge of him and labored for over an hour before his friends could recognize him. There was a large crowd at the city hall and the marshal was kept busy preventing trouble all evening. Finally after midnight the thing could be prevented no longer and what would have been a party fight commenced. Bayliff made an effort to get into it and tried to persuade Melching he could not stop him. He stepped him and several others without a very great effort.

Several parties interested in other small affairs will appear with Bayliff in police court this morning.—*Arklaia County Democrat.*

The Greatest of All Gifts.

There is no gift to be compared with health. None realizes this like the sufferer from some chronic or long-standing disease. To such the gift of renewed health is priceless. And yet it is within the reach of all sufferers. The great specialist in the cure of all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene 35 West 14th St., New York City, famous the world over for his wonderful cures, has decided to give consultation and advice hereafter free. Remember, sufferer, that you can write him a description of your case and he will return a carefully considered letter, fully explaining your disease, giving advice, etc., without charge of any kind. Write to-day and health will be yours.

All Make of Sewing Machines

Cleaned and repaired, or rebuilt and made as good as when new. All work warranted. J. G. J. STON, Practical sewing machine adjuster, north Elizabeth street, between Postoffice and Y. M. C. A. 314

Statistics show that thousands of infants and children yearly die of membranous croup. We do not exaggerate when we state that every one of these innocents could have been saved had Foley's Honey and Tar been given them in time. Can you afford to be without it in your household? H. F. Vorkamp, a corner, Main and North sts.

Nobody need have Neuritis. Get Dr. Miller's Pain Killer from droggists. "One cent a dose."

IKE BOON'S CAKE WALK.

Colored Aristocracy Takes Wapakoneta by Storm.

The "Colored Aristocracy," under the management of Col. Isaac Boon, of Lima, took the town by storm last night, says the Wapakoneta Democrat. There are few colored people in this community and many of the crowd were present at their first cake walk, and it was highly amusing. The hall was crowded early in the evening, but the real fun did not commence until almost 10, when eight couples of the elite lined up in the center of the room and faced the leader. The judges were not able to decide the winners at the end of the walk and three couples were compelled to do it all over again before they would render a decision. Then came the burlesque walk, the great feature of the evening, and again the competition was so close that the judges required a second trial.

The whole affair was very amusing and conducted in the most orderly manner. Late in the evening two or three broken down and antiquated prize fighters started several rows, but the colored people were in no wise to blame. Their work last night was appreciated.

STREET TALK.

Mr. L. Carl Moses, night chief operator at the Buckeye Pipe Line office, has just gone into the poultry business on a very large scale. At present he has 13 good sized incubators in full operation at his home on south Pierce street. He expects to enlarge his capacity in the near future, and will no doubt monopolize the chicken business in Allen county in a short time. He has promised a young "springer" to each employee of the Pipe Line by March 17th, providing they will liberally advertise the new firm among their friends. The Times-Democrat wishes him success, as a long felt want has at last been filled in this city.

To-day is the eighty-eighth anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, and though, aside from the Watterson lecture, the event is not being celebrated in this city, there are here many veterans of (1865) to whose minds the day has recalled, with reverence, incidents in the life of the martyred President and his gallant followers who fought the battles of those dark days.

"He went through life bearing the load of a people's sorrow with a smiling face. As long as he lived he was the guiding star of a whole brave nation, and when he died the little children cried in the streets."—*John Lothrop Motley.*

Mark Muller has a new joke. Ask him about it.

A large cave in the vicinity of Flat Rock, Seneca county, was partially explored for the first time a few days ago. The exploring party found that the cave is divided into many chambers, the largest being at least 1,000 feet long and 100 feet wide. In another stalactites of crystal clearness were discovered. Each chamber was lower than the former one, and after going 3,000 feet their progress was blocked by a stream of water about fifty feet in width, which is as cold as ice. With their limited supplies the party was unable to explore farther.

Heretofore the office of coroner has been purely a local one, like that of the assessor and tax collector. Now, however, Attorney General Monnett, of the state of Ohio, declares officially, as a result of his legal investigation, that a county coroner can hold inquests in any part of the state of Ohio.

Prairie Depot, O., claims to have the biggest mayor in point of avoirdupois. Frank Sweet, who was appointed to the mayoralty three weeks ago by the council of that village, is perhaps the heaviest man holding such an office in the state. His weight is 420 pounds.

I. O. O. F. Notice.

There will be a called meeting of Shawnee Rebekah Lodge Saturday night, Feb. 13. A full attendance is desired. Mrs. DORA PECK, Noble Grand.

A Reminder of Army Life.

Mr. Lou Smith, editor of the Commercial, Meyersdale, Pa., says: "A chronic diarrhoea that returns at frequent intervals, as a reminder of army life, has been more effectively controlled by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy than any other I have ever used. It possesses true merit." For sale by Melville, the Druggist, old Postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

SOLID MEN TO THE FRONT.

A Contributor Wants the Wealthy Men to Set the Pace

And Not Allow Too Much of the Burden to Fall on the Shoulders of the Laboringmen.

To the Times-Democrat

There is some complaint that subscriptions are not being made to the enlargement of the C. H. & D. shops with that rapidity that they should be. The trouble is that those who should have their names first on the list have not yet made their subscriptions. The subscriptions should be made in the following order. The first man in the town should speak first, and so on, including the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth, etc. These persons have not done their duty, and they have no right to expect the men of labor, the persons who produce wealth, to take the burden on their shoulders. Again, the corporations that are now and have been enjoying public franchises for years in Lima have not yet spoken. They should do this at once. This matter was submitted to them last December, and up to this day their names have not been placed upon the subscription list. Why should they wait? Why should they try to get behind some one else? Now is the time to hear from them and others will act after they have done their part. These persons whose wealth is made by the natural increase of the town, who are enjoying fixed incomes whether it rains or shines, must come to the front and say to the people, "Follow where we lead. We have given liberal subscriptions, as much as you could reasonably expect from us. Now drop into line." It would be a shame and a disgrace to capital to put this load upon the shoulders and into the laps of those who eat their bread by their daily toil. It is a poor excuse to say that this subscription is to the C. H. & D. railroad. It is no excuse at all. This subscription is first to the four hundred and fifty employees of the D & M shops, and second, it is a public benefit to the town. No person who has those two things at heart can refuse to give something, and those who are able and refuse should be regarded as a public enemy. It is time to begin to call things by their right names. Quit doing business with those who refuse to subscribe. This is the time to subscribe. VADE MEUM.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

THE RULES VIOLATED

A railroad man who was in New York a few days ago says that there are no indications that the Joint Traffic Association will be dissolved soon, but that its usefulness is practically at an end. He asserts that the eastern trunk lines pay no attention to its orders; that the board of managers dares not punish any road that violates its rules, and that the rules are violated every day.

THE RAIL POOL

The breaking of the rail pool will be a good thing for the railroads, as nearly every line in the country is preparing to make purchases of new steel rails. Many of them contracted for their supply before the pool was formed, but the smaller lines did not.

DEFEW CHOSEN CHAIRMAN.

Frank Thomson, the new president of the Pennsylvania company, presided at the meeting of the Board of Control of the Joint Traffic Association to-day, says a special from New York to the Enquirer. Chauncey M. Depew, who was absent, was unanimously chosen permanent chairman of the Board of Control, to succeed the late George B. Roberts.

A committee of five presidents was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the feelings of the board on the death of its late chairman, Mr. Roberts. The committee consists of Thomas P. Fowler, T. Thomas, O. D. Ashley, Samuel Sloan and Chauncey M. Depew. The board considered in detail the existing rate situation at western points, and a committee of five presidents was appointed to confer with the managers and recommend to an early meeting of the Board of Control measures to make the Joint Traffic Association more effective. This joint conference will meet at an early day, and the Board of Control will reconvene March 2nd.

From the above account of the meeting it is evident that it is proposed to make some changes in the Joint Traffic Association agreement, with a view to making it stronger.

NOTES.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton is loading 250 car loads of coal per day at the mines on its lines, for northern markets.

O. E. Robinson, of 619 south Tanner street, who until recently was an employe at the Solar Refinery, has accepted a position at the L. E. & W. shops.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is this week voting on the question of affiliating with the American Federation of Labor. The general opinion is that the brotherhood will vote against taking such a step.

It is now an assured fact that the Lima Northern Railway will be extended to Detroit during the coming season. As soon as spring opens active operations will be commenced and the road pushed on to Detroit as speedily as possible. There is nothing slow about the projectors of the Lima Northern, and since they have given the word "on to Detroit," Detroit it will be in short order.—*Napoleon Northcott.*ing slow about the projectors of the Lima Northern, and since they have given the word "on to Detroit," Detroit it will be in short order.—*Napoleon Northcott.*

Passenger train No. 4 on the Lima Northern last evening was delayed about an hour and a half at the Lake Erie crossing on account of a car which was being removed to the south yards, for repairs, jumping the track.

The C. H. & D. railroad, after fighting the town of Bowling Green through all the courts, has admitted defeat and marched up and paid to the city \$1,370, for rental on five electric lights over their tracks in that city. It was a bitter pill, but they had to swallow it.

CONDEMNATION SUIT.

Vinnie Justus, of Delphos, Sues the Northern Ohio Railroad.

Another one of the Northern Ohio condemnation suits is being heard by a jury to-day before Judge Theo. D. Robb. The suit is one in which Vinnie Justus, of Delphos, sues for damages incurred upon her property by the location of the Northern Ohio Railroad along Washington street in Delphos, which passes in front of her property. The street is occupied by two railroads, the Clover Leaf and Northern Ohio, the Clover Leaf occupying the center of the street, while the Northern Ohio is located between that and the curb. No amount of damage is specified in the petition. Several witnesses from Delphos are present, most of whom testified to the property now being worth about \$800, while it probably would be worth \$1400 or \$1500 were not the railroad occupying the street.

INAUGURATION EXCURSIONS

Via Pennsylvania Short Line.

Tickets on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. Full particulars furnished upon application to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or to O. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O. R. H. OXLEY, Tkt. Agt., Lima, O.

For the Convenience

Of the employees of the C. H. & D. shops and the collection committee, a committee will be at the office of Superintendent Cory from 9 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m. for the next four or five days to receive subscriptions for the fund to rebuild the C. H. & D. shops. The employees having any subscriptions will please call at place mentioned. 235 SUBSCRIPTION COMMITTEE.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 Public Square.

G. E. BLUEM.

MUSLIN AND CAMBRIC UNDERWEAR SALE!
TO-MORROW.

Women everywhere have an interest in the great sale of Muslin and Cambric Underwear that occurs at Bluem's once each year. Every garment that goes on sale to-morrow has been made expressly to our order. You will find them well made and very cheap. Call and see them.

Corset Covers.

25c Corset Covers for 17c.
35c Corset Covers for 25c.
60c Corset Covers for 50c.
70c Corset Covers for 59c.
90c Corset Covers for 75c.
\$1.25 Corset Covers for 95c.

Chemise.

60c Chemise for 50c.
\$1.25 Chemise for 98c.
\$1.50 Chemise for \$1.38
\$1.75 Chemise for \$1.50.

Night Gowns.

60c Gowns for 49c.
90c Gowns for 70c.
\$1.00 Gowns for 85c.
\$1.25 Gowns for \$1.00.
\$1.50 Gowns for \$1.19.

Skirts.

At 49c, worth 60c.
\$1.00 Skirts for 88c.
\$1.25 Skirts for \$1.00.
\$2.00 Skirts for \$1.60.

Drawers.

At 25c, 45c, 50c, 69c and 90c each.

New Spring Goods.

Black and Colored Dress Goods—and such a splendid assortment to select from.

Choice Wash Goods.
Tissus Bode.
Tissus Mozambique.
Organdie Lisse.
Madras Lace Jaconas.

Call and see all of these new and beautiful spring goods and make your selection now and get the best.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

The Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak House.

Will you accompany me to

GOODING'S
WINTER SHOE SALE?It is the greatest shoe sale Lima ever had.
Every Shoe a bargain.Men's \$5.00 English Enamel Bala, now only - \$3.75
Men's \$4.00 English Enamel Bala, now only - \$2.98
Men's \$4.00 Box Calf Bala, now only - \$2.98
Men's \$4.00 Hand Welt Calf Bala, now only - \$2.98
Ladies' \$4.00 Patent Leather Shoes, now only - \$1.98
Ladies' \$3.50 Goodyear Welt Shoes, now only - \$1.98Choice of over 300 pairs of Ladies' fine shoes,
worth \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00, all go
at this sale for**ONLY \$1.98 A PAIR**

See Window Display at

GOODING'S
230 NORTH MAIN STREET.



For Children's Skin

For Children's Skin
CUTICURA SOAP

For Children's Skin
CUTICURA SOAP



Excursions via C. H. & D. R. Co.

Excursion Rates to Miami, Fla., New Orleans and Mobile.

Agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will on Friday, December 12th, sell tickets to Miami, Fla., New Orleans and Mobile at rate of one fare for the round trip plus \$2.00. Persons desiring to attend the meeting should call on agents of the C. H. & D. R. Co.

Excursion Rates to Washington, D. C.

On account of the Presidential inauguration at Washington, D. C., March 4th, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell tickets to Washington City and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold good going March 1st, 2nd and 3rd; good to return leaving Washington until March 5th, inclusive.

In Palace Sleeping Cars From Lake Michigan to the Potomac.

A new line of Pullman Sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore via the "Queen City".

Commencing January 25th, the C. H. & D. R. Co. will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Baltimore, via Cincinnati and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows:

Leave Chicago	2:45 a.m.
Arrive Cincinnati	12:00 p.m.
Leave Cincinnati	1:00 p.m.
Arrive Washington	8:45 a.m.
Leave Washington	9:00 a.m.
Arrive Baltimore	11:00 a.m.
Leave Baltimore	12:00 p.m.
Arrive Cincinnati	8:00 a.m.
Leave Cincinnati	9:00 a.m.
Arrive Chicago	12:00 p.m.

The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern, equal to any running on any line.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 22, January 5th, February 23rd, April 1st, May 1st, June 1st, July 1st, August 1st, September 1st, October 1st, November 1st, December 1st. These dates are the dates of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway's annual convention. The convention will be held at the Hotel Hamilton in Cincinnati, Ohio, on the above dates. The convention will be a most interesting and profitable one for all who attend. The convention will be held at the Hotel Hamilton in Cincinnati, Ohio, on the above dates. The convention will be a most interesting and profitable one for all who attend.

Homecoming Excursion

To almost all States via the C. H. & D. R. Co. On Nov. 24th, 17th, 20th, 23rd, 26th, 29th, Dec. 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, 16th, 19th, 22nd, 25th, 28th, 31st, to points west of the Mississippi River, and Nov. 24th, 17th, 20th, 23rd, 26th, 29th, Dec. 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th, 16th, 19th, 22nd, 25th, 28th, 31st, to points east of the Mississippi River, at one fare for the round trip, plus \$2.00.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via C. H. & D. R. Co.

Hunters' Rates.

The C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West. Niagara Falls and return and all other Western resorts at very low rates.

Sunday Rate on the C. H. & D. R. Co.

On Sunday the C. H. & D. R. Co. will sell one fare for the round trip to all points.

THE PUMPKIN.

Ah, on Thanksgiving day, when from east and west, from north and from south come the pilgrims and guests.
When the gray-haired New Englander comes round his board
The old broken hunk of affection restored,
When the care-worn man seeks his mother once more
And the worn woman smiles where the girl smiled before,
What moisture the lip and what brightness the eye,
What calls back the past like the rich pumpkin pie!
Oh, fruit of love of boyhood, the old days receding,
When wood grapes were purpling and brown nuts were falling,
When wild, ugly faces were carved in its skin,
Gleaming out through the dark with a candle within.
When we laughed round the corn heap, with hearts all in tune,
Our chair a broad pumpkin, our lantern the moon,
Telling tales of the fairy who traveled like steam,
In a pumpkin-shell coach, with two rats for her team!
—John G. Whittier.

Chromo pictures are manufactured

by 10 to 20 printings, according to the number of colors and tints required.

In eight days a New York letter

is delivered in Panama.

PAPER PHOTO FRAMES.

Low Clutter Fingers May Construct These Decorative Trifles.

The pretty crinkled paper so much in vogue and which has been so lavishly used for lamp shades is the best of material for photograph frames, which, when they are complete, are not only effective, but have nothing tawdry or cheap looking about them, though only made of cardboard and paper. The stock in trade must include crinkled paper in different shades. Small rolls, called the "butterfly," may be bought for a penny each. These are sufficient for the flowers, while the large rolls, which are much broader and are used for covering the frames, cost 4-1-2d. each, a glue pot and glue, plenty of cardboard—old boxes come in very useful—some glasses cut by the local glazier, 6 inches by 4-1-2 inches for cabinet sized photograph, and lastly a few yards of different colored baby ribbon are all the materials that are necessary; hence for a few shillings a large quantity of these artistic frames may be made.

Take two pieces of cardboard and cut them the size you want the frame to be, say 10 inches by 12 inches. These will make the front and back of the frame. The front must have a small oblong part cut out a little smaller than the size of the photograph, so that the name of the photographer, etc., shall not show. Cut it a little to one side of the frame, and also about two inches from the bottom. Now, cover the board with white or dark green crinkled paper or any other color. The paper should be cut larger than the cardboard and the overlapping portion glued to the reverse side, so that the glue will not show. After neatly cutting the paper at the corners in the oblong part where the photograph has to come glue it carefully at the back, and then it will be ready for the glass, which must also be glued on at each corner. While the front is drying the back must be covered in the same manner and a narrow piece of cardboard cut, say 1-1-2 inches broad, and also covered. This piece must be bent back a little, about two inches from the top, and fixed on the back with two paper fasteners to form the stand. The front and back are then ready to glue together. In doing so be careful to glue them at the side and top only, as the lower and narrower part at the bottom must be left open to slip the photograph in.

Now we come to the flowers. These made in three shades of heliotrope crinkled paper have the effect of violets, those in blue of cornflowers, and other tints can be made to suggest various blooms. Cut out a great many small rounds of paper, about 1-1-2 inches in diameter, and snip them all around. Then, after smoothing them out, take hold of each one in the middle, and with a dexterous twist of the thumb and first finger the flower is made. Be careful not to crush the paper, or the flowers will look tawdry. To make the stalks, which are wonderfully natural looking cut several rather narrow strips of dark green paper the wrong way of the crinkle, as they twist later, about 6 or 8 inches long, cut the top part a little wider, snip it three times to make three points, and it will form the calyx. Take hold of it with the left hand first finger and thumb and begin to twist it from the other end with the right hand first finger and thumb until it is within half an inch from the top or snipped part. Then put the nicest spot of glue on the stem of each flower and twist it into each calyx.

It is pretty to tie them together in the bunches with two bows of ribbon, perhaps a big one on the top or wide part of the frame, with some of the flowers hanging well down the side, and a small bunch at the corner of the bottom part. To keep them in place use glue. The flowers require great nicety of touch, as the tiniest drop of glue on them is sufficient. The frame is then complete, and the time required to make one is about a couple of hours, or even less when several are made at the same time. —London Queen.

An Effort to Explain.

"Phwat's the good av a threenty?" asked Mr. Rafferty, who had been devoting some reading to international topics.

"Wud," replied Mr. Dolan. "It's sometimes hard to kape the threenty av a quarrel an be sure who's in the right an who's in the wrong. A threenty makes it plain avay, an fur thet it's a good thing."

"But how does it work?"

"Supposin you an meff is two governments, an we make a threenty that we'll hav no foights—nothin but arguin's an supposin Oigit riled at somethin you do an shurt in to lick yez."

"You couldn't do it, Dolan."

"On moight thry."

"On phwat thint?"

"Then that 'ud be a breach av the threenty an my part, an you could go ahead an lick me, if you wor able, wid a clear conscience." —Washington Star.

AN ENEMY OF YANKEES.

A Southern Woman Who Complained to Grant a Feminine Oddity.

General Horace Porter gives many amusing pictures of army life in his series of papers on "Campaigning With Grant" in "The Century." He tells the following story of the campaign on the North Anna in the February Century. When I recrossed the river and returned to headquarters in the evening, I found General Grant sitting in front of his tent smoking a cigar and anxious to hear the report as to the extent of the damage to the railroad. About the time I finished relating to him what had been accomplished an old woman who occupied a small house near by strolled over to headquarters, apparently bent upon having a friendly chat with the commander of the Yankee armies. The number of questions she asked showed that she was not lacking in the quality of curiosity which is supposed to be common to her sex. She wore an old fashioned calico dress about six inches too short, with the sleeves rolled up to the elbows. She had a nose so sharp that it looked as if it had been caught in the crack of a door and small gray eyes that twinkled and snapped as she spoke.

She began by nodding a familiar "How do you do?" to the general and saying in a voice which squeaked like the high notes of an E flat clarinet with a soft reed, "I believe you command all these hyah Yankees that are comin down hyah and evortin round over this whole section of country?" The general bowed an assent, and she continued, "I'm powerful glad General Lee has been lickin you all from the Rapidan clah down hyah, and that now he's got you jes' whah he wants you."

Then she drew up a camp chair alongside the general, seated herself on it, and, finding that her remarks seemed to be received good naturedly, grew still more familiar and went on to say: "Yes, and af' long Lee'll be a-chasin you all up through Pennsylvania agin. Was you up thah in Pennsylvania when he got afah you all last summer?" The general had great difficulty in keeping his face straight as he replied: "Well, no; I wasn't there myself. I had some business in another direction." He did not explain to her that Vicksburg was at that time commanding something of his attention.

Said she: "I notice our boys got away with lots of 'em Cuneestoga hosses up thah, and they brought lots of 'em back with 'em. We've got a pretty good show of 'em round this section of country, and they're jes' the best draft horses you ever see. Hope the boys'll get up thah agin soon and bring back some more of 'em."

The general kept on smoking his cigar and was greatly amused by the conversation. After a little while the woman went back to her house, but returned later and said: "See hyah; I'm all alone in my house, and I am kinder skeered. I expect them Yankee soldiers of yours'll steal everything I have and murder me at' morning if you don't give me some protection."

An Emperor's Wardrobe.

The Emperor William has 12 valets, whose sole duty it is to take care of his uniforms and costumes, the value of which is estimated at \$300,000. The London Globe correspondent says that his uniforms of the German army and navy, including helmets, caps, shakos, rifles, swords and sabers, are kept in cupboards. Next to these come the uniforms of the Saxons, Bavarians, Hessians and others. Separated in other large cupboards are the Austrian, Russian, Swedish, English and Italian uniforms, all ready to accompany the kaiser in his journeys or to be used on the occasion of princely visits. Finally must be mentioned his hunting and shooting costumes, his court dresses, his yachting and lawn tennis uniforms and his private dresses. When the emperor travels, his uniforms and costumes, all two or three carriages. His Majesty is very fond of jewelry and curios. He wears half a dozen rings, a large watch and chain and a bracelet on his right arm.

She Was a Daughter Herself.

"Might I ask," said the lady from South America, "why that plain person at the far side of the room arrogates unto herself so many airs?"

"She is a Daughter of the Revolution," said the one interrogated in awed tones. "Her ancestor fought in the Revolution."

"Oh!" said the lady from South America. "I myself am a daughter of it of them." —Indianapolis Journal.

NEW YORK SLANG.

Some of the Words and Phrases of the Yiddish House Hold.

The words and phrases in New York slang which are rooted in the sense of humor of the people are very many. The word "growler" is accounted for in two ways, both of which credit the term with a humorous derivation. A "growler," he it known, is any vessel, pan, pitcher or can—that is sent to the corner saloon for the family supply of liquor beer. It is said that the word grew out of the protests of the girls who did not like to be sent to the saloons, or out of the "growling" (slang for grumbling) of the children whose play in the streets was interrupted by their having to perform similar errands. On the other hand, the quarreling that followed too frequent emptyings of the can by "gangs," or social coteries of drinking men, is said to have given the beer vessel its nickname. The horse play of the mountebanks in the variety shows is commonly called "funny business," and the term has now come to be applied to all rough play—frolicking, scuffling and practical joking—among the masses. A flimsy excuse or transparent lie is called a "song and dance." "Why didn't you keep your engagements? Now don't give me no song and dance," is an example of the use of this queer phrase. The old slang words "cheek" and "gall"—meaning assurance—have been supplanted by the word "front," and we hear nowadays that a man who is unblushingly audacious, assuming or presuming has not "the front of Jove himself," as Shakespeare wrote, but "an awful front—a front like de courthouse."

A tipsy man whose uncertain locomotion carries him swaying from side to side of the pavement is declared to have a "skate" or to have "his skates on." Men who drink too much and too frequently are said to suffer from "hitting the bottle." At first it was said of the opium smokers that they "hit" the pipe—as all pipe smokers do, to cleanse the instrument—so that hitting anything has come to signify an abuse of the habit with which the article thus "hit" is intimately connected.

It is a humorous conceit that led to the saying, applied to all who are dull or obtuse, "He has a fog in his head." With the same spirit a very rich person, or one who is prodigal with his wealth, is said to have "money to burn." To meet with a poor reception is called "getting a frost." To steal is to "pinch," and to be arrested for it is to get "pinched," though the genuine and general slang phrase for getting arrested is "getting the collar," a term growing naturally out of the action of an officer in hustling an offender along with a grip upon his collar.

Anything and everything that is done easily or quickly is said to be done "in a walk." Men are said to "get rich in a walk" or to win a boat race "in a walk." That is an expression borrowed from the turf, which has also lent to New York the word "ringer," perhaps the most difficult to explain of all the local slang terms, and yet, like all slang, most concise and expressive to all who make use of it. A "ringer," in slang, is anything that looks like what it is not; so that if a person is thought to closely resemble Grover Cleveland, he is spoken of as "a ringer on the president," or if he wears a brilliant bit of glass it is said to be "a dead ringer on a diamond." "Dead" signifies the utmost, the veriest, that which is absolute. —Harper's Weekly.

His Horse House.

James Jones is an eccentric character of Anderson, Ind., who is just a little light in his top flat. He wanted to build a stable for his horse, but didn't have much idea of how large to make it. He was certain, however, that he didn't want it a bit larger than was necessary. A brilliant idea struck him—that is, brilliant for a man of his mental standing—and he proceeded to put it into effect. He drove a stake into the ground about on the spot where he wanted to build and tied the horse to it. Then he drove three other stakes, one at each corner of the horse. Then he nailed the side boards to the stakes, put a roof on and had a stable which was warranted to fit the horse without being too large. When he had it all finished, he started to take the horse out, but found that he had not builded wisely, in that he had made no door. He knocked the boards off one end of the building and made them into a swinging door, and then his stable suited him. As for the horse's probable opinion of it, well, that's another story. —Detroit Free Press.

"The Road to Wealth."

A gentleman save the following advertisement in a paper: "The road to wealth. Send 12 stamps to —." The gentleman sent 12 stamps and in return for his outlay received minute instructions how to get to the Bank of England from any part of London. —London Fun.

Wanted the Best.

Mrs. Goldfinger John, just look at them invitations to the Vere de Vere's dance! What do you suppose them letters "R. S. V. P." mean? "Reserved Seats Various Prices." Just send down and get the best they've got. Them Vere de Veres can't have nothin too good for us. —London Answers.

A VALUABLE SHIRT.

It Was a Belle of a Poker Game and Was Worth \$700.

"Talking about very expensive clothes," said a business man to a party of friends the other night, "I wore a shirt once that was worth \$700. I don't mean to say it cost any such amount of money, but it was worth \$700 to me, and I cashed it in for just that sum in gold and greenbacks."

An incredulous smile went around and some stinging inquiries were passed as to what new brand of "shop" was on the market, but the speaker never flinched.

"Crack away, boys," he continued, "but when I come to explain the matter you will see that it is really a simple affair and something which might happen to any man who was similarly situated. One night in the fall of the World's fair year a party of six gentlemen, of whom I was one, was playing poker in a hotel on Dearborn street. As the night was warm and the room small and close all of us threw off our coats and played in our shirt sleeves. At first the game was light, the ante being a dime and the limit 50 cents. It was an all night session, and late in the evening the limit was raised to \$2, and money changed hands freely.

"My, how the cards did run that night! I have never had such luck since and can't reasonably expect a repetition of it. I would stand a raise and draw four cards to an ace in big jack pots and get two more with it. Once I picked up my hand and found three small cards and the ace and king of clubs. There was a fat lot to fight for, so I came in and, discarding the small cards, asked for a draw of three, at the same time turning my ace and king up on the table so all the players could see them. The draw gave me the queen, jack and ten of clubs, making a royal flush. There was a number of strong hands out against it, including one set of fours and a full.

"Everybody, of course, played me for holding an ordinary flush or a straight and thought I was burning up my money when I kept meeting all raises. I was too foxy to do any of the tilting myself. By simply meeting the raises it was easy to conceal the real strength of my own hand and make the other players think I had got tangled up to an extent where it was imperative to protect my interest in the pot against possible bluffing. When the play was over and the hands shown down, what a howl there was! One man, a good fellow and a clever card player, by the way, was so angry at what he called 'fool luck' that he tore up the cards and kicked his chair over.

"In settling up the man nearest to me reached over and wrote on my shirt front his I O U for his indebtedness. The example was contagious, and the other players followed him. The game lasted several hours longer, and as my run of luck held good and the losers continued to write their I O U's on my shirt that garment was soon covered with value memoranda. At the close of the play the shirt bore evidence of an indebtedness of \$700 due me by the five gentlemen with whom I had passed the evening.

"It was some days before any of them gave a sign of settling, and how I did guard that garment in the meantime! In those days I was fairly well fixed financially and had a safety deposit box in the vaults under the First National bank. The first thing I did when the game broke up was to put on a clean shirt and lock the \$700 garment carefully away in the vault. It was a week before all the debts were canceled. Every time one of my debtors came to the office to settle I would take him over to the safety deposit vault, unlock the box and erase the amount of his payment from the shirt. By the time the payments were all made the shirt was in pretty bad condition, but I kept it at home as a souvenir until housecleaning time last spring, when a fresh domestic, ignorant of its interesting history, used it to scrub windows, and one of the most valuable shirts ever worn by mortal man thus came to an ignoble end. —Chicago Tribune.

Field Fortifications.

During the civil war in this country the importance of temporary or field fortifications was so highly appreciated by the troops on both sides that the moment a halt was made the men began to throw up breastworks. The great difficulty was to induce them to wait until a proper line of defense had been selected by the engineers.

Wanted the Best.

Mrs. Goldfinger John, just look at them invitations to the Vere de Vere's dance! What do you suppose them letters "R. S. V. P." mean? "Reserved Seats Various Prices." Just send down and get the best they've got. Them Vere de Veres can't have nothin too good for us. —London Answers.

A WOMAN'S LIFE.

Many Private Troubles Borne Without Complaint.

How many, think you, have any idea of the suffering endured by a large proportion of American women? You would think us extravagant in expression, yet the fact remains, that diseases of the uterus and ovarian troubles are universal—you may note their ravages in the pale faces you meet—more marked indications are dizziness, faintness, irritability, melancholy, extreme lassitude, sleeplessness, severe backache and disturbances of the stomach. A Cincinnati girl says:—

"Words cannot express my gratitude for the good that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I have taken five bottles. The pains in my chest and abdomen have gone my step is more steady, appetite better and feel better in every respect. Menstruation heretofore lasted too long, were very profuse and made me very weak. The Compound is a miracle. I had tried doctor's medicine, but of no avail. I would not give up the Compound for female complaints for all the doctor's medicine in the world. My friends want to know what makes me look so well. I do not hesitate one moment in telling them what has brought about this wonderful change. I cannot sing its praises enough. I hope every one who suffers as I have, will give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound a trial. It has helped me, and I know that if taken according to directions it will not only help but cure others. Miss Grace Colvard, 1434 Eastern Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio."

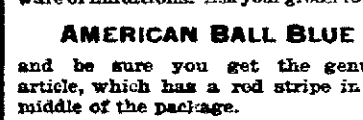


THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.



Erie Railroad.

Time Card in Effect

Dec. 6th, 1906.

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West. 11:35 a.m.

No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West. 12:35 p.m.

No. 1, Express, daily, except Sunday. 2:35 p.m.

No. 11, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday. 7:30 a.m.

No. 12, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday. 8:35 a.m.

TRAINS EAST.

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston. 9:05 p.m.

No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 3:30 p.m.

No. 10, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday. 7:30 a.m.

Train 13 will not run days following holidays.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. MCCOY, Agent.

W. G. MACKINAW, Trav. Pass. Agt., Huntington, Ind.

Restored Manhood.

DR. MOTT'S NERVE-PILLS.

The gastroscopy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the reproductive organs of either sex. Such as: Nervousness, Prostration, Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Weakness, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$2.00 per box, boxes for \$5.00. Write for SPECIAL CURE, DR. MOTT'S NERVE-PILLS, 11, P. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts.

A positive cure for all coughs and

laryngitis without causing nausea.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm

Price 25c. Sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay, Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send for booklet. Sold by Druggists.

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX.

This remedy is directed to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no diet, and is guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, \$1.00.

CURE

Sold only by Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice Corner Lima, O.

LADIES DO YOU KNOW

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

Steel & Pennyroyal Pills

are the original and only

remedy for all cases of

menstrual troubles, and

on the market. Price, \$1.00, sent

by mail. Genuine sold only by

Wm Melville, Old Postoffice corner Lima, O.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Piles, Hemorrhoids, Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared by the best of the private parties, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c and 10c per box. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, Dr. J. C. Williams, 100 South 1st St., St. Louis, Mo. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

DON'T FORGET

To hand in your Lists to the

COLUMBIA SHOE HOUSE

BEFORE FEBRUARY 22.

As on that day the prizes will be awarded to the person sending in the largest lists. Cards must accompany each list. Get your cards at our store, they are free.

THE COLUMBIA,

THE PROGRESSIVE SHOE HOUSE.

LIMA, OHIO.

ARTISTIC

VALENTINES

DOWNARD'S BOOK STORE

3 Doors South of Barnet House.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'S CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

John Berkshire, of 325 north Elizabeth street, has removed with his family to Sidney.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Elherington was buried at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Lloyd Phillips, Nash Towles, E. A. Dempsey, Ruben Howard, Alfred Bell and George Meeks and wife, of Latty, Paulding county, were witnesses before the grand jury yesterday.

T. F. O'Neil, Homer Davis, H. F. Grewe, Mike Hartlieb, Joseph Alley, D. E. Baxter, Jr., and Michael Summers, Jr., of Delphos, were before the grand jury yesterday afternoon.

John W. Moss, an invalid, was burned to death at his home in Findlay, Wednesday night. The fire originated from an over heated wood stove. Mr. Moss' son and family also came very nearly being burned to death.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. O'Keefe, of east McKibben street, entertained a large circle of friends Wednesday evening, Feb. 10th, the occasion being the 5th anniversary of their marriage. The friends departed at a late hour wishing them many more anniversaries of their wedding day.

The funeral services of Mrs. Ruth Ann Gamble, who died Thursday morning from pneumonia, will be held from the residence of the deceased's son, R. H. Gamble, 721 west High street, at 2 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. Rev. Swanson, of the Congregational church, will conduct the services, and the remains will be interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

UNFAITHFUL WIFE.

John T. Fredericks Sues for a Divorce on Grounds of Desertion.

John T. Fredericks, through his attorneys, Hoagland & Creps, has filed a suit for divorce from his wife, Eva Fredericks. In his petition he avers that they were married December 22nd, 1886, at Westminster. The husband alleges that he has always conducted himself as a true and faithful husband should, but charges his wife with gross neglect of duty, without cause or provocation on his part, and that she abandoned him in the month of December, 1894, and has since refused to live with him. He prays that he be decreed a divorce from his wife, for his costs, and for all proper relief.

Help Wanted.

Wanted, a man to canvas and collect. Call at room 14, Harper block. L. J. BEARD, Supt.

GROUND TO DEATH.

Brakeman Goode, of the O. S., Killed this Morning.

WAS AT HIS POST OF DUTY

Setting Brakes—Train Broke in Two and the Sections Collided, Knocking Him Off—Whole Train Passed Over Him.

William Goode, head brakeman on north bound freight train number 22 on the Ohio Southern, was killed instantly at Beaver Town, a small town about 35 miles south of this city, this morning at 5 o'clock.

He and the rear brakeman were setting the brakes on the train in answer to a flag for second 25. There was an extremely heavy fog prevailing at the time and the brakemen could see but a few car lengths from them. From some unknown cause the train broke in two, which fact the trainmen did not know until the two sections came together with sufficient force to throw Goode from the brake-board of the second car from the engine. The unfortunate man fell between the cars onto the track and the entire train passed over his body. When he was missed after the sections had run together a search was made by the trainmen, who found his mangled body lying on the track a short distance to the rear of the train.

His home was in Springfield and he was a regular brakeman on through freight. His remains were taken to Springfield to-day.

The accident delayed the north bound passenger train two hours and a half.

A SILVER COIN

Gave the Hughes Verdict in Advance of the Jury's Report.

Attorney J. M. Brown Doesn't Believe in Signs. But He Tells of One That Interested Him.

In an interview with a Toledo Blade reporter, attorney J. M. Brown, of Toledo, said:

"During the present term of the United States Court I have represented the defendant in two important criminal trials. The first was that of the United States vs. James Willey, charged with having in his possession forged coins of the United States, with intent to pass the same, and also with having passed them. There was no doubt about the defendant having been in possession of the forged coins, or of his having parted with them, but he had obtained them from a 'nickel-in-the-slot machine,' a gambling device, and had placed them in a like gambling machine, and as the crime consists of passing them with intent to defraud somebody, I insisted before the court and the jury that, as he had placed them in a gambling machine, there could be no legal transfer of title, and hence no legal intent to defraud. The court took a different view, and charged the jury from its standpoint, leaving me nothing but the naked intent of the prisoner to stand upon. The jury went out, and after long deliberation, I was notified to go to the court room, as the jury were ready to render a verdict. As I went I discovered in the melting snow on the sidewalk a bright ten-cent piece with the face of liberty looking upward. I had just overtaken a lady whom I knew, and as I picked up the coin I handed it to her and she remarked, 'It is a sign of good luck.' I went to the court room, where the jury declared the defendant 'not guilty,' to his boundless joy.

"My next case was that of the United States vs. Charles M. Hughes, cashier of the First National Bank, of Lima, charged with sixteen different offenses against the United States banking acts. The trial lasted nearly two weeks. I had been before the jury in argument for twelve hours, when Sunday intervened, and I had about two hours of argument yet to make. The case was full of difficulty, doubt and concern. While on my way home from church Sunday morning, with my mind more on the interests of my client than on the sermon I had heard, I discovered on the sidewalk in the edge of the melting snow, another bright ten-cent piece with the face of liberty upward. I picked it up, took it home, gave it to the first lady I met, and told her I had found it with the face of liberty looking upward, to keep it, and some time I might tell her more about it. The following evening, after the district attorney had continued two days in argument, and the court had taken quite as much time to prepare and deliver his charge to the jury, and the jury had deliberated for nearly a day, my client was, by their verdict, set at liberty on each of the sixteen counts of the indictment. When I went home I told my daughter, to whom I had given the last coin found, the relation of the two dimes to the two cases tried."

Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank my friends and neighbors for their kindness during the long illness and after the death of my wife, Mrs. Jennie Kluge, and also wish to thank the Erie employees and the members of Solar Lodge for their acts of kindness and beautiful floral tributes.

HERMAN KLAKE.

EVERYBODY COME

To the Big Meeting at the Opera House

NEXT MONDAY EVENING

To Consider the New Vital Subject of the C. H. & D. Railroad Shops—Grave Danger of Their Removal from Lima.

The committee in charge of the C. H. & D. shop fund subscription have made arrangements for a public mass meeting of citizens to be held at the opera house next Monday evening and every resident of Lima who is interested in the welfare of the city and its people should be in attendance. The committee secured the opera house last night, but will continue its good work of soliciting subscriptions until Monday night, and at that time the progress the committee has made will be reported.

Every man who owns a foot of property within the corporate limits of this city, every man who is in any business or profession, however great or small, should be, and is, whether he or they realize it or not, interested in this question of the C. H. & D. shops. If the \$33,000 required by the C. H. & D. Company to rebuild the shops here is subscribed, the shops will be rebuilt here. If it is not subscribed, the shops will never be rebuilt in Lima, and the consequences will in that case be a blow from which Lima could not recover in a decade. If the shops are removed from this city, the division terminals will go with them, and to the division terminals the conductors, engineers, firemen, brakemen and dispatchers will remove. Every man who is now in the employ of the C. H. & D. Co. at the shops will, in case the shops are removed, have to give up his home in this city and remove to the place where the shops are built or be out of employment, for already there are more laborers than labor in Lima.

People who are able to contribute any amount to the shops fund should contribute liberally, and even those who do not expect to be materially benefited should contribute for the sake of retaining the citizenship of the several hundred worthy men now employed here by the C. H. & D.

OTTAWA COUNCIL

Of the National Union Pleasantly Entertained

Their Wives and Lady Friends Last Night—Musical and Literary Program Rendered.

The members of Ottawa Council No. 125, National Union, tendered a reception last evening in the hall of the Maccabee lodge in the Doves block, to their wives and lady friends. The affair was an informal one and in every respect a decided success. A large crowd was present, and all were most pleasantly entertained by the following programme:

Opening hymn—"America" Miss Mayne First Recitation..... Miss Will-elm Solo..... Wm. Foster Solo..... Miss Kizer Solo..... Bert Snow Duet..... Misses Peate and Rowers Solo..... Miss Kiefer Solo..... Miss Wilhelm Solo..... Miss Bowers Trio..... Miss Kiefer

The singing by the German chorus was especially interesting and was greatly enjoyed.

J. W. Myers, of the Toledo Senate, and secretary of the National Union, was then introduced by Torrey Kirk, the secretary of the local council. His remarks were listened to with a great deal of interest as he gave briefly a history of the National Union's growth and success. The order is a social, beneficial and insurance order. It now has 700 councils with a membership of about 50,000 persons who carry insurance to the amount of nearly \$150,000,000.

After Secretary Myers' remarks, Secretary Kirk then invited the members and their guests to repair to the banquet hall where a wholesome feast, prepared by the wives of the members, was served.

It was a late hour when the guests departed, sorry that an evening of so much pleasure had to come to an end so quickly.

FOUR CANDIDATES

Initiated Into the Mysteries of the B. P. O. E. Last Night.

Four candidates were last night introduced into the secret mysteries of the Elk Lodge, and the expressions on the faces of each of the candidates bear conclusive evidence that the Stag Antlers did effective work. The boys were somewhat timid, and especially Virgil De Grief, but on the whole they conducted themselves nobly. Those who realized this morning that they saw and felt last evening that which they never before experienced are Virgil De Grief, Will Core, Charlie Phillips and Johnny Jones. So exhausted was the last named candidate from the attacks of the Stag who seemed to be in training for the last that is to be met on the twenty-second that he had to have his Bro. Beado Wallace accompany him home and see that he was gently laid away to sleep and to dream of the pleasures that had just been passed.

WERE BOUND OVER.

The Boys Charged with Robbing Peter Keller.

THE PRELIMINARY HEARING

Held in Mowen's Court To-day—State Numerous and Arthur Dep Pratt Sentenced—Goonen Case Commenced at Van Wert To-day.

The case of the State against John E. Bailey, H. M. Wilson and Ed. Kelly, the three boys who were captured at Marion and brought here, charged with having stolen a pocket book containing \$65 from Peter Keller, came up for hearing in Justice Atmure's court at 9:30 o'clock this morning and was not concluded until nearly 12 o'clock.

Attorney C. H. Adkins represented the three defendants, who had entered a plea of not guilty to the charge of pocket picking, and attorney W. H. Leete was retained by Mr. Keller for the prosecution. A large number of witnesses for the State were examined and the testimony in substance showed that the three strangers had been frequenting Keller's saloon for several days prior to the robbery and were seen standing about the table where Keller was playing at the time he is supposed to have been robbed, which was between 9 and 10 o'clock Saturday night. The three left the saloon and went to the P. Ft. W. & C. depot and boarded an east-bound passenger train at 9:35 o'clock. They were said to have had no money early in the evening, but Detective Herr, of the P. Ft. W. & C., who saw them board the train, and suspecting them to be crooks followed them to Upper Sandusky and saw them pay the conductor cash fares. The boys had not more than \$2 when searched at Marion and the defense claimed that they had only \$7 when they left here.

After the testimony was all in Attorney Adkins made a brief argument and a motion that the court dismiss the case, claiming that the evidence was not sufficient to justify binding them over and thus deprive them of liberty.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon Justice Mowen overruled the motion to dismiss the defendants and bound them over to the grand jury.

THE GOONEN CASE.

Sergeant Watts, Detective Roney and Messrs. Jas. S. Barnes, Miles Collins, Marion Valentine, Ves Young, Bert Shaffer, Eli Bailey, Mer-

Get

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

"Get it honest if you can, but—get it."

It cures all coughs and colds.

edith Simmons, Thos. Hart, Edward Brennan, P. M. Boose and C. L. Chipman went to Van Wert this morning, being summoned there as witnesses in the case of the State against P. W. Goonen, of this city, who is charged with burglary and chicken stealing.

GOT OFF EASY.

Slate Simmons and Arthur Dep Pratt, who were arrested Tuesday for stealing a set of harness, were arraigned before Mayor Baxter last evening and were sentenced to an indefinite period of imprisonment, during which they are to clean up the city building or crack stone at the city work house. The prosecuting witness in their case failed to appear and charge the prisoners with larceny, and they were charged with vagrancy and loitering, to which they pleaded guilty.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

PRIGATE OFFICE.

The will of Eleab Carmen was probated yesterday.

Samuel Lutz has filed his first and final account in the matter of the estate of George Keller, deceased.

D. C. Henderson, attorney for Philip A. Hawk, administrator of Martin A. Kraft, has filed an application to sell land to pay debts in the case against Artella Kraft et al.

The Case of the Royal Shirt Co against the Kniesly Shirt Co., which was set for to-day, was continued to a later day.

SPECIAL GOOD

Bargains for the Little People Tomorrow

at

G. E. BLUM'S.

Tucks' 25c Paper Dolls For 7c each. No little girl should fail to see this great bargain.

2-24 G. E. BLUM.

A few good seats left on first floor and in balcony for the Watterson lecture to-night. It

REYNO H. TREAT

NO 209

NORTH

MAIN

STREET.

NO. 209

NORTH

MAIN

STREET.

WHAT A "TREAT" IT WILL BE

To secure some of those real bargains during our sale of

Muslins, Sheetings, Casings, : : Quilts,

Table Damasks, Towels, Napkins, Linen Sets and Crashes.

Now is the time to buy. Respectfully,

REYNO H. TREAT.